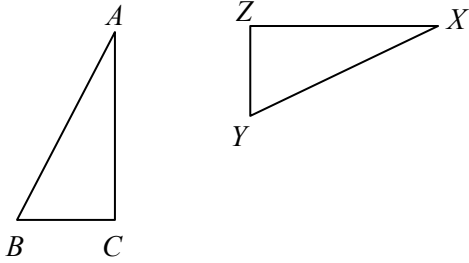
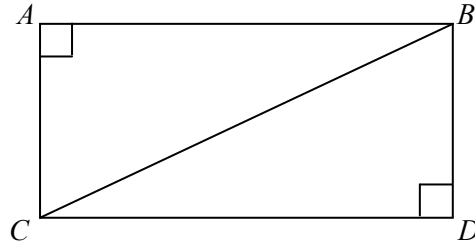


What additional information would you need to prove the triangles congruent by the HL Theorem?

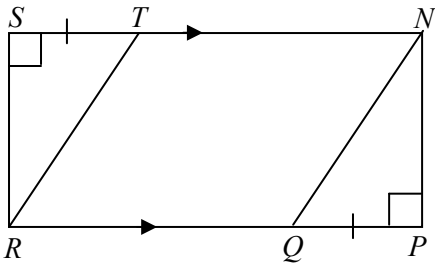
1) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle XYZ$



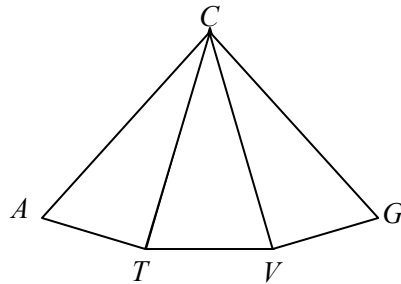
2) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DCB$



3) $\triangle STR \cong \triangle PQN$

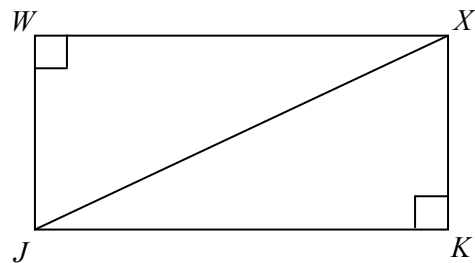


4) $\triangle ACT \cong \triangle GCV$



Write a two Column Proof.

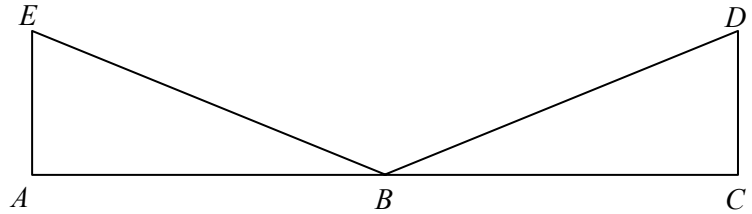
- 5) Given: $\overline{WJ} \cong \overline{KX}$, $\angle JWX$ and $\angle XKJ$ are right angles
 Prove: $\triangle WJX \cong \triangle KJX$



Given: $\overline{EB} \cong \overline{DB}$, $\angle A$ and $\angle C$ are right angles

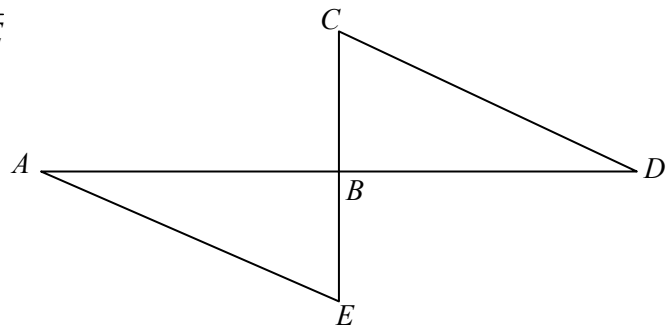
6) B is the midpoint of \overline{AC}

Prove: $\triangle BEA \cong \triangle BDC$



7) Given: $\overline{CD} \cong \overline{EA}$, \overline{AD} is the perpendicular bisector of \overline{CE}

Prove: $\triangle CBD \cong \triangle EBA$



Answer Key

- 1) $\angle C$ and $\angle Z$ are right angles
- 2) $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BD}$ or $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$
- 3) $\overline{RT} \cong \overline{NQ}$
- 4) $\angle ATC$ and $\angle GVC$ are right angles

$\angle JWX$ and $\angle XKL$ are right \angle s Given

$\triangle JWX$ and $\triangle XKL$ are right \triangle s Definition of right \triangle

- 5) $\overline{JX} \cong \overline{JX}$ Reflexive Property

$\overline{WJ} \cong \overline{KX}$ Given

$\triangle WJX \cong \triangle KXJ$ HL Theorem

$\angle A$ and $\angle C$ are right \angle s Given

$\triangle BEA$ and $\triangle BDC$ are right \triangle s Definition of right \triangle

- 6) B is the midpoint of \overline{AC} Given

$\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CB}$ Definition of Midpoint

$\overline{EB} \cong \overline{DB}$ Given

$\triangle BEA \cong \triangle BDC$ HL Theorem

\overline{AD} is the \perp of \overline{CE} Given

$\angle CBD$ and $\angle EBA$ are right \angle s Definition of \perp lines

B is the midpoint of \overline{CE} Definition of bisector

- 7) $\triangle CBD$ and $\triangle EBA$ are right \triangle s Definition of right \triangle

$\overline{CB} \cong \overline{EB}$ Definition of Midpoint

$\overline{CD} \cong \overline{EA}$ Given

$\triangle CBD \cong \triangle EBA$ HL Theorem